

AusAID COOPERATION AGREEMENT DESCRIPTION 2007

Name	NGO	Activity Description/Sector
<p style="text-align: center;">Periodic Funding Agreements (PFAs) for Disaster Risk Management (HES PFA)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">2007 - 2012</p>	Austcare	AusAID has period offers with six Australian NGOs with Full Accreditation to undertake disaster prevention, preparedness, mitigation, response and recovery.
	Australian Red Cross (ARC)	
	Caritas Australia	Through these agreements the Australian Government seeks to maximise collaborative, strategic engagement at both a program and policy level in country/sector program priorities with a range of Australian NGOs with demonstrated capacity in disaster risk management and specifically in emergency response in the Asia-Pacific region. PFAs aim to build on and maximise the unique strengths of NGOs in disaster risk management, particularly in relation to their long term experience, capacity and linkages with partner organisations and communities in specific countries.
	CARE Australia	
	Oxfam Australia	
	World Vision Australia (WVA)	

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<p>Australian Partnerships in African Communities (APAC)</p> <p>2003 – 2009</p> <p>\$53 mil</p>	<p>Background to APAC Program</p>	<p>The goal of the APAC program is to contribute to poverty reduction and the achievement of sustainable development in targeted countries in southern and eastern Africa through the following objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To address the impact of HIV/AIDS on lives and livelihoods • To improve food security, socio-economic & physical wellbeing and access to basic services in target areas • To strengthen government and civil society capacity to deliver quality local development • To address gender inequalities in all program areas. • To effectively manage and implement programs, including developing replicable models and relevant policy engagement. <p>There are five APAC themes that all programs have been asked to address and report against annually:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Benefits for the poor 2. Program approach 3. Capacity building – individual, community and organizational 4. Policy engagement and governmental collaboration 5. Australian NGO value-adding and inputs to program quality 6. Development of educational and public information resources <p>APAC has a Technical Assessment Group composed of AusAID program staff and three Africa-based technical advisers who add considerable value to the program. APAC has recently held its mid term reviews.</p>
	<p>CARE Australia</p>	<p>The development of civil society service delivery models to work to directly reduce poverty and then use these models as the basis for evidence-based advocacy to promote their further replication. The specific objectives of the four sub-programs are:</p>

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Malawi - developing models/practices that strengthen the service response of government, civil society and the private sector to mitigate the impact of HIV/AIDS on food security with a significant focus on Village Savings & Loans programs; • Mozambique - developing accountable systems of civil society and government which improves food security and knowledge of preventative health practices in a way that mainstreams gender with a focus on supporting the decentralisation process; • South Africa - promoting operational and locally accountable sustainable water and sanitation services that mainstream HIV/AIDS and gender equity; • Kenya - Developing a socially responsible and commercially viable livestock model to support pastoral livelihood systems sustainably.
	Oxfam Australia	Oxfam Australia's program aims to enhance effective responses to HIV and AIDS and increase sustainable food security in 132 communities in Mozambique and South Africa , working through seven national partner organisations.
	Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA)	ADRA aims to improve the physical, social and economic wellbeing of vulnerable households in 19 target areas in Malawi, Mozambique and Zambia by strengthening: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Grassroots groups/organisations in the areas of administration, governance and policy engagement 2. Vulnerable households to mitigate the impact of chronic disease on both suffers and carers, and prevent further spread of communicable disease 3. Vulnerable households to achieve adequate food to meet year-round needs
	Plan International/Burnett Institute	The purpose of the joint Plan International/Burnett Institute program is to reduce the vulnerability of children, their families and communities to the impact of HIV and AIDS in Kenya, Mozambique, Uganda, Zambia and

		<p>Zimbabwe. The three Program themes are to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase capacity and opportunities for orphans and vulnerable children to develop within their communities. • Build capacity of individuals, groups, community based organisations, non-government and where appropriate government organisations to increase the quality and scale of services responding to the needs of people affected by HIV and AIDS. • Reduce discrimination, stigma and denial of the rights of people affected by HIV and AIDS.
	ChildFund Australia	<p>The purpose of this program is to ensure the psychosocial needs of HIV-affected and other vulnerable children and youth are adequately met within their own communities in eight target districts in Kenya, Uganda and Zambia.</p> <p>ChildFund aims to create an enabling environment for HIV/AIDS affected and other vulnerable children and youth by promoting effective policy and practice in psychosocial support at local, national and regional levels in seeking to influence policy and replicate models developed.</p>
	Australian Foundation for the Peoples of Asia and the Pacific (AFAP)	<p>The program purpose is to reduce poverty and to improve the quality of life of target communities in five countries (Malawi, Kenya, Zimbabwe, Mozambique and Zambia) through the implementation of an integrated development program in the strategic sectors of food security, water and sanitation, health, and capacity building.</p>

Name	NGO	Activity Description/Sector
<p data-bbox="309 311 631 379">Solomon Islands Cooperation Agreement</p> <p data-bbox="376 418 564 523">2003 – 2006-7 with extension up to 2008</p> <p data-bbox="421 561 519 593">\$5.2 mil</p>	<p data-bbox="698 311 985 418">Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA)</p>	<p data-bbox="1025 311 1944 523">This project will mobilise Seventh Day Adventist church health and education networks and women’s and youth organisations in Malaita and Guadalcanal to implement activities in two key areas: community economic development, and community health improvement (latter includes focus on sexually transmitted infections, substance abuse and violence against women).</p>
	<p data-bbox="698 529 963 635">Anglican Board of Mission - Australia (ABM)/AngliCORD</p>	<p data-bbox="1025 529 1951 810">Under ABM leadership this project will develop a ‘Inclusive Communities Program’ promoting village based peace conferencing, incorporating strong youth and women’s participation initiatives. It will work to rebuild community organisations and networks through building the capacity of Church of Melanesia networks in Central, Choiseul, Guadalcanal, Isabel, Makira, Malaita, Rennell-Belonna and Temotu provinces. AngliCORD will provide back support in building existing capacity of church organisations at local, middle and coordinating levels.</p>
	<p data-bbox="734 817 949 849">Caritas Australia</p>	<p data-bbox="1025 817 1951 1066">This project will build the capacity of Caritas Solomon Islands networks in Guadalcanal, Makira, Western Province and Malaita. The specific focus is on Caritas’ organisational capacity strengthening linked with two components; peace building and women. The women’s component is focused on and has a strong safety and security focus for women and children. The peace-building component supports village level peace initiatives.</p>
	<p data-bbox="698 1072 985 1321">International Women’s Development Agency (IWDA)/ Australian People for Health, Education and Development Abroad (APHEDA)</p>	<p data-bbox="1025 1072 1951 1353">Under IWDA leadership this project will partner with the Solomon Islands Association of Rural Training Centres to work with Community Based Training Centres, women’s NGOs and a local education oriented Solomon Islands organisation called ‘Live and Learn’. It has three components-peace education curriculum development; youth vocational livelihoods and capacity development within Community Based Training Centres; and women’s wellbeing and leadership building capacity with women’s non-government organisations with the Solomon Islands National Council of</p>

		Women. APHEDA will provide back-up support in vocational and livelihoods capacity development. Implementation is focused on Guadalcanal, Central, Malaita and Rennell-Belonna.
	Save the Children Australia (SCA)	SCA's activities are based on building the capacity of a Save the Children marginalised youth outreach network active in five provinces: Guadalcanal, Malaita, Western Province, Isabel and Makira. This network promotes youth peer education on peace, sexual health, violence, gender, and substance abuse issues. It incorporates capacity building of the network, youth participants and network stakeholders.

Name	NGO	Activity Description/Sector
<p>PNG Churches Partnership Program</p> <p>2004-2009</p> <p>\$23.7 mil</p>	Caritas Australia	<p>The Church Partnership Program (CPP) involves an innovative model of partnership with AusAID and seven Australian church-based NGOs and their PNG church partners. Its goal is to enhance the capacity of PNG churches to contribute to PNG development and social sustainability. With CPP support, the church partners implement a wide range of activities focusing on three areas:</p> <p>Enhanced PNG Church involvement in improving governance</p> <p>Churches participate in numerous government councils and committees, and have great potential to be an important voice in calling for better governance and services. Specific activities supported by CPP include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Developing governance capacity of Church Boards of Management. ▪ Engaging in policy development, e.g. The Anglican Diocesan Educational Secretaries are now linked in with Provincial Education Boards, and the Salvation Army CPP Coordinator participated on a Department for Community Development working group on disadvantaged children. ▪ Promoting peace and reconciliation, including through the United Church's Young Ambassadors for Peace Program, and Caritas's Peace Building Workshop in November 2005. <p>Strengthened PNG Church institutional capacity for development</p> <p>CPP has significantly increased numbers and capacity of staff in program coordination, planning and financial management, strengthening the governance of the churches themselves. Activities supported include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Training in management skills & leadership skills for Church partners. ▪ Enhancing strategic planning, including supporting the development of strategic plans for education by both the Seventh Day Adventist (SDA) and Lutheran churches. <p>Improved services delivery by PNG Churches to local communities</p> <p>CPP has invested in improving service quality by supporting churches to</p>
	Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA)	
	Australian Lutheran World Service (ALWS)	
	Uniting Church Overseas Aid (UCOA)	
	Baptist World Aid Australia (BWAA)	
	Salvation Army Australia Development Office	
	Anglican Board of Mission - Australia (ABM)	

		<p>build technical capacity of grassroots service providers in the health, education, rural and community development sectors, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Training on HIV/AIDS for health workers ▪ Training on financial management for school principals ▪ Improving educational facilities and conditions for teachers ▪ Teacher training. e.g. 123 SDA teachers upgraded their qualification from certificate to diploma ▪ Improved infrastructure and communications of health and education services – e.g. one Baptist hospital installed solar power and radio modems, so they now have access to the internet <p>More coordinated church response to HIV/AIDS in PNG</p> <p>With CPP support, churches and individual departments within churches have drawn together to align their response to HIV/AIDS. This is leading to many innovative strategies being developed for churches to address HIV/AIDS. The CPP program has supported:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ An increase from 3 to 24 voluntary counselling and testing (VCT) centres, operated by more than 50 staff trained in HIV testing and counselling. ▪ As a result of the awareness and training, several communities have been motivated to build their own VCT or care centres, e.g. an SDA church leader mobilised the whole community in Konigi (Chimbu) to build a centre, now run by 30 trained community volunteers. ▪ A range of resources have been produced. SDA produced a film “Oh Papa God – Wai na em olsem?”, a story about what happened to children when their parents died of AIDS. Over 800 DVDs were sold and distributed within 4 months. ▪ The seven church HIV&AIDS coordinators now have a formal collaboration mechanism and meet 3 times a year. They organise joint training and activities through this mechanism and share resources and lessons learned.
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Name	NGO	Activity Description/Sector
<p>Australia-Middle East NGO Cooperation Agreement (AMENCA)</p> <p>2005 – 2007</p> <p>\$7.6 mil</p>	Austcare	<p>The goal of the Neighbourhood Corners (NC) project is <i>“to contribute to reducing vulnerability to poverty and conflict, and increasing self-reliance of refugee and non-refugee women and youth in the northern West Bank”</i>. The NC project is implemented in Balata and Askar refugee camps, and Awarta, Beita, Beit Fourik, Salem and Rujeeb villages in the eastern section of the Nablus Governorate in the northern West Bank, one of the poorest areas of Palestinian Territories.</p>
	CARE Australia	<p>Livelihood Improvement in the Occupied Palestinian Territories (LIOPT) Jenin and Tubas governorates, West Bank</p> <p>The project will aim at increasing the self reliance of Palestinian households and communities to secure their basic needs of food and other services through participation of both men and women in three main interventions. All three interventions are designed with strong linkages between their objectives and indicators. Success of the project will be determined by work in all three interventions.</p>
	World Vision Australia (WVA)	<p>The WVA Agricultural Livelihoods in Gaza program undertakes activities in 26 villages throughout the Gaza Strip. The purpose of the program is to strengthen the institutional capacity of the Union of Agricultural Works Committee to promote good governance within the existing agricultural support system and to promote gender mainstreaming in the agricultural sector.</p>

Name	NGO	Activity Description/Sector
<p>Vietnam Australia NGO Cooperation Agreement (VANGOCA)</p> <p>2005-2010</p> <p>\$20 mil</p>	<p>Australian Foundation for the Peoples of Asia and the Pacific (AFAP)</p>	<p>Dengue Safe Water Supply in Southern and Central Vietnam – aims to facilitate and support affected communities and water and health organisations adopt evidence based methods, practices and new institutional arrangements to mitigate water supply related dengue risk.</p>
	<p>CARE Australia</p>	<p>Community Resilience to Natural Disasters in the Mekong Delta – aims to build sustainable community and household resilience to floods in highly flood prone, inland areas of the Mekong Delta by reducing the vulnerability to flooding of household and communes in Long An, Dong Thap and An Giang provinces.</p> <p>Options and Ownership: Water and Sanitation for Rural Poor in the Mekong Delta – aims to improve pro poor and gender equitable water and sanitation infrastructure, services and practices in target communities.</p>
	<p>Oxfam Australia</p>	<p>Participatory Disaster Management in Dong Thap and Tien Giang provinces – aims to mitigate the negative impacts of floods on rural men, women and children by decreasing their vulnerability and increasing the capacity of communities and institutions.</p>
	<p>Plan International</p>	<p>Vietnam Rural Water and Sanitation Program – aims to assist children, their families and communities have access to sufficient household and potable drinking water throughout the year, and an environmental sanitation and hygiene status that facilitates improved health.</p>
	<p>World Vision Australia (WVA)</p>	<p>Reducing Flood and Storm Vulnerability in Quang Ngai province – aims to reduce the vulnerability of rural populations to environmental and economic shocks through implementing programs to mitigate the impact of floods, droughts and storms.</p>

Name	NGO	Activity Description/Sector
<p>Australia -Cambodia Cooperation Agreement (ACCA)</p> <p>2004-2009</p> <p>\$21 mil</p>	Austcare	<p>Mine Action: The Austcare Integrated Mine Action and Development Program aims to address landmine contamination in the context of a broader community development program and targets poor communities in remote areas in Banteay Meanchey province. The project aims to address food security, and address constraints on agriculture – such as the lack of water, land titling, and the presence of landmines.</p>
	CARE Australia (2 programs)	<p>Mine Action: CARE Australia’s Australia-Cambodia Integrated Mine Action program in Pailin aims of the to reduce landmine deaths and injury, increase dependable and consistent land access and tenure for the most vulnerable, strengthen the capacity of local communities to manage and control economically important natural resources, and improve the livelihoods of people living in landmine affected areas.</p> <p>Integrated Rural Development: CARE Australia’s Integrated Rural Development and Disaster Risk Management Program in Prey Veng, Svay Rieng, and Pailin provinces aims to enhance household livelihood security by: improving access to resources and markets for the rural poor; and strengthening the operational and management capacity of community groups and local partners to mitigate and respond to disasters.</p>
	World Vision Australia (WV)A	<p>Mine Action: WVA’s Community Strengthening and Gender Mainstreaming in Integrated Mine Action project in Preah Vihear and Battambang provinces aims to build community resilience, ensure that communities are able to identify solutions to their own problems, improve the livelihoods of vulnerable families, and improve understanding of the role of gender in mine action.</p>
	WVA & Childwise	<p>Child Protection: The World Vision/Child Wise Mobilising Communities for Child Protection project in Kampong Chhang, Phnom Penh, and Battambang provinces aims to increase the capacity of families and communities to protect children against sexual exploitation and abuse, thereby contributing to a reduction in the exploitation and abuse of children in Cambodia.</p>

	<p>Save the Children Australia (SCA)</p>	<p>Child Protection: The SCA Child Safe Cambodia project in the provinces of Siem Reap, Kratie, Kampong Cham, Prey Veng, Kandal, Takeo, and Phnom Penh aims to strengthen and systematise child protection models to ensure that children are valued and safeguarded from sexual abuse. In doing so, it aims to provide a sustainable and meaningful contribution to the development of a child safe Cambodia.</p>
	<p>Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA)</p>	<p>Integrated Rural Development: ADRA's Households Are Renewing Vital Energies for Sustained Transformation project in Siem Reap and Preah Vihear provinces aims to improve the lives of and reduce poverty among rural Cambodian families currently close to or below the poverty line. It aims to do this by developing and expanding knowledge and skills in agricultural production, and working in synergy with local governments and others with similar interests.</p>
	<p>International Women's Development Agency (IWDA)</p>	<p>Crime Prevention and Community Safety: IWDA's Community Action Against Violence Against Women in Battambang and Siem Reap provinces aims to reduce violence against women by building women's confidence and safety through changing Cambodians' attitudes and behaviours related to violence against women.</p>

Name	NGO	Activity Description/Sector
<p>Laos Australia NGO Cooperation Agreement (LANGOCA)</p> <p>2005-2010</p> <p>\$14 mil</p>	<p>World Vision Australia (WVA)</p>	<p>Community Based Disaster Risk Reduction (Khammouane Province) This activity will focus on increasing communities' resilience and capacity to manage and mitigate future disasters; including working directly with communities, village disaster preparedness units, disaster management committees at both provincial and district levels, and the National Disaster Management Office.</p> <p>Integrated UXO [Unexploded ordinance] Action Project (Khammouane Province) The activity will adopt an integrated approach to UXO action, combining risk education and clearance with community development and capacity building for local government authorities.</p>
	<p>Oxfam Australia</p>	<p>Community based disaster risk management in upland communities' This activity will take an integrated approach to addressing disaster risk reduction and work with vulnerable ethnic communities in remote upland areas who experience slow onset disasters and are at risk from UXOs.</p>
	<p>Save the Children Australia (SCA)</p>	<p>Sayaboury Integrated Hazard Mitigation Project (Sayaboury Province) This activity aims to reduce vulnerability in target communities in Sayaboury Province by developing community resilience and supporting provincial, district and village level capacity to plan for and mitigate the impact of chronic hazards.</p> <p>Tools for District Risk Assessment (Sayaboury Province) This activity will support the development of risk assessment tools and a district database to assist Sayaboury authorities to identify, analyse and support the foundation of disaster risk plans for the most vulnerable communities, and increase planning and management capacity within village, district and provincial disaster management committees.</p> <p>Disaster Risk Education for Children (Sayaboury Province) This pilot activity in Sayaboury aims to equip children in schools and teachers</p>

		<p>with knowledge and skills in disaster risk management, testing and implementation of disaster risk reduction modules and learning materials for upper primary and lower secondary levels, to reduce vulnerability to disasters through hazard awareness, resilience building and preparedness planning.</p>
	<p>CARE Australia</p>	<p>Reducing UXO Risk and Improving Livelihoods of Ethnic Communities in Sekong Province This activity addresses the multi-faceted vulnerability of poor ethnic communities affected by UXO contamination in 2 districts of Sekong Province. It incorporates best practice UXO contamination clearance, community based planning and land use allocation, mine risk education, and small scale rural development initiatives to enhance livelihood security.</p> <p>Effective Programming Models Working with Vulnerable Ethnic Groups in Laos (Sekong, Sayaboury and Luang Prabang Provinces) This activity will explore the factors that contribute to effective programming with vulnerable ethnic groups in Laos including: linkages between contributing factors to poverty and vulnerability; strategies to address constraints; identification of lessons and best practice to inform policy and program response across the sectors; with a view to integrating findings into LANGOCA long term activity implementation.</p>

Name	NGO	Activity Description/Sector
<p>PNG Australia Sexual Health Integrated Program (PASHIP)</p> <p>2006-2010</p> <p>\$25 mil</p>	Sexual Health and Family Planning Australia (SH&FPA)	The PNG Australia Sexual Health Integrated Program (PASHIP) is an integral part of Australia's development cooperation with PNG. The program will be a partnership between AusAID, Accredited NGOs and other partners to reduce sexually transmitted infection (STI) prevalence in PNG.
	SCA	<p>Based on a set of priorities established in conjunction with the PNG National Department of Health (NDoH) it is intended that a number of projects, across a variety of locations, delivering services to a range of target groups, will be established. Projects will aim to not only address gaps in current service provision but also complement the services currently on offer. In addition, while individual projects may differ considerably in service scope each will require:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A target-community focus • Commitment to capacity building and skills transfer • Commitment to sustainability and development • Willingness to implement the full range of STI prevention messages, including the active promotion and distribution of condoms (either directly or through collaborative arrangements where necessary) • Commitment to working within current NDoH STI management and treatment guidelines • Exploration of innovative approaches to STI management and prevention • Research fundamental to project design. <p>Implementation is expected to commence in August 2007.</p>
	Caritas	
	ABM	
	Burnet	

Name	NGO	Activity Description/Sector
<p>Periodic Funding for Humanitarian Assistance Burma (PFHAB)</p> <p>2007 – 2012</p> <p>\$10 mil</p>	CARE Australia	<p>The purpose of PFHAB is to identify and select Australian NGOs with strong and current in-country experience, who work with effective implementing partners to contribute to the objectives of AusAID’s Framework for Humanitarian Assistance to Burma. The aim of Australia’s humanitarian assistance to Burma is “<i>to alleviate suffering by responding to the humanitarian needs of vulnerable Burmese people</i>”.</p> <p>Australian humanitarian assistance focuses on health, sustainable livelihoods and protection. It is in this context that PFHAB will focus on two sectors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Health (including basic health, HIV/AIDS and reproductive health) and - Livelihoods <p>NGOs have been selected but implementation has not commenced. CARE Australia, Burnet Institute and MSIA activities will focus on health while CARE Australia will also undertake activities that focus on livelihoods. The successful NGOs have undertaken the Needs Analysis and Concept Design phase, and are currently in the Design Phase.</p>
	CARE Australia	
	Burnet Institute	
	Marie Stopes International Australia (MSIA)	

Name	NGO	Activity Description/Sector
<p>Solomon Islands HIV and AIDS Prevention Program (SHIPP)</p> <p>2006-2009</p> <p>Up to \$1 mil</p>	<p>Save the Children Australia (SCA)</p>	<p>The SCA project's goal is the reduction of HIV and sexually transmitted infection (STI) transmission in the Solomon Islands among those most vulnerable to infection. The project's purpose is to improve access to sexual health service for young people, especially young people in difficult circumstances. Objective 1. To strengthen delivery of STI management and HIV prevention services to young people in difficult circumstances through the Honiara City Council (HCC) clinics at Kukum and Rove. This will be undertaken by health workers at the two HCC clinics trained and supported to deliver effective STI treatment; voluntary and confidential counselling and testing services at the two clinics accessible to vulnerable young people; HCC health workers trained and be able to be responsive to the sexual health needs of vulnerable youth. Objective 2. To increase safer sexual behaviours among groups most vulnerable to HIV/STI through outreach and networking with other stakeholders; this will be achieved by youth volunteers trained to promote safer sexual behaviour to peers in Honiara and selected high risk communities; Youth volunteers have increased understanding of and commitment to promotion of STI and counselling and testing services and Stakeholder support network established and functioning. Objective 3. To build the capacity of provincial government and private sector health clinics to deliver STI management and HIV prevention services in high HIV transmission risk areas, by training of nurses from selected area/rural health clinics and private company clinics trained in STI management and voluntary and confidential counselling and testing; Link between provincial health clinics and private company clinics established; Provincial health workers trained to be responsive to sexual health needs of young people and project management, planning, reporting and communication systems implemented.</p>
	<p>World Vision Australia (WVA)</p>	<p>The project's goal is to reduce the vulnerability to HIV infection of targeted high-risk groups in the Solomon Islands. It aims to do this by working closely with these high-risk groups to raise awareness on these issues and demonstrably change their attitudes and behaviours. The project's main outcomes are; 1.</p>

		<p>Identify and analyse sexual behaviours and attitudes in target communities by identifying specific groups to be targeted; conduct participative workshops with communities; document sexual behaviours and attitudes in target communities. 2. Affect change in sexual behaviour and attitude in target communities by developing culturally- relevant and consistent IEC/BCC materials; run an effective behaviour change campaign in target communities. 3. Improve accessibility of condoms for target communities by ensuring that condoms are readily available in key locations in target communities. 4. Manage the project effectively and efficiently by establishing project team qualified in HIV, gender and project management skills; monitor and evaluate project effectively and efficiently.</p>
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